# AUDIENCE ANDIMPACT 

OVERVIEW FOR 2018


USAGM AUDIENCE BY


201 MILLION


140 MILLION


104 MILLION

The U.S. Agency for Global Media (USAGM) Global Audience Estimate provides a snapshot of the total measured audience - the number of individuals - of the five USAGM media outlets: Voice of America (VOA), Radio Free Europe/Radio Liberty (RFE/RL), Office of Cuba Broadcasting (Radio and TV Martí), Radio Free Asia (RFA) and the Middle East Broadcasting Networks (Alhurra TV and Radio Sawa).

In 2018, USAGM networks attracted 345 million people weekly in unduplicated audience worldwide - including radio, television and Internet - an unprecedented year-on-year increase of 67 million from 278 million in 2017.

In keeping with standards developed by the major western international broadcasters, USAGM measures and reports unduplicated audience, meaning each individual, regardless of how many programs watched or listened to, or media platforms used, is counted only once. This is a conservative approach to quantifying the audience and in keeping with the mission of USAGM to inform and engage people, rather than count individual interactions with them. Hence the reported total audience for a broadcaster is often smaller than the sum of its audience on each platform, and USAGM global audience is smaller than the sum of audiences for all individual networks.

The audience estimate is based on surveys

- conducted within the past five years;
- in more than 100 countries and territories; and
- that represent 3 billion people in markets around the globe.




Includes research from the following countries and territories: Bahrain, Egypt, Iraq, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libya, Morocco, Palestinian Territories, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, Syria, Tunisia, Turkey, UAE, Yemen


NEAR EAST, SOUTH AND CENTRAL ASIA, EURASIA


Includes research from the following countries and territories: Abkhazia, Afghanistan, Albania, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Bangladesh, Belarus, Bosnia, Chechnya, Dagestan, Estonia, FATA, Georgia, Iran, Kazakhstan, Kosovo, Kyrgyzstan, Latvia, Lithuania, Macedonia, Moldova, Montenegro, Nepal, Pakistan, Russia, Serbia, Sri Lanka, Tajikistan, Ukraine, Uzbekistan


## SUB-SAHARAN AFRICA



Includes research from the following countries: Angola, Botswana, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Central African Republic, Cote d'Ivoire, Democratic Republic of Congo, Ethiopia, Gabon, Ghana, Guinea, Kenya, Liberia, Madagascar, Malawi, Mali, Mozambique, Niger, Nigeria, Rwanda, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Somalia, South Africa, South Sudan, Tanzania, Uganda, Zambia, Zimbabwe


LATIN AMERICA

# TOP 10 AUDIENCES FOR U.S. <br> INTERNATIONAL MEDIA IN 2018 

Overall weekly audiences: adults who listen/view/use programming at least once a week.

Weekly unduplicated audience
adults who listen/view/use programming at least once a week

| In Millions |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| China | 65.4 |
| Indonesia | 47.8 |
| Mexico | 30.6 |
| Nigeria | 20.8 |
| Iran | 14.3 |
| Iraq | 9.0 |
| Tanzania | 8.9 |
| Russia | 7.7 |
| Ethiopia | 7.5 |
| Afghanistan | 7.2 |


| As percentage of adult population |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Kosovo | $64.8 \%$ |
| Albania | $67.0 \%$ |
| Burundi | $58.0 \%$ |
| Armenia | $48.3 \%$ |
| Iraq | $42.6 \%$ |
| Kyrgyzstan | $40.6 \%$ |
| Bahrain | $40.4 \%$ |
| Kuwait | $38.9 \%$ |
| Afghanistan | $38.5 \%$ |
| Qatar | $38.1 \%$ |

COUNTRY PROFILES

In FY 2018, USAGM-commissioned surveys found audience growth in keystrategic markets.


CHINA
An IPSOS survey of China conducted from August through December 2017 found that USAGM content is consumed by 6.2 percent of Chinese adults ( 65 million people) on a weekly basis, with digital audiences outstripping those for traditional broadcasts. Internet is the most used platform for USAGM among Chinese adults, with 5.0 percent of adults consuming USAGM content via that platform. USAGM television programming reaches 1.4 percent and radio programming reaches 1.3 percent.

These figures are considerably higher than previous estimates for both audiences, and much of the increase is attributable to new questions about the use of individual programs and blogs that also were identified by the RFA or VOA brand. When the audience for the USAGM broadcasters is measured by the VOA or RFA brand only, without mention of any individual programs, the weekly reach of USAGM brands combined was 1.7 percent of Chinese adults. This figure is most methodologically comparable to previous estimates of USAGM audience, which was measured at 0.3 percent in 2014.

The growth in audience in China brought the opportunity to look at various impact indicators. Previous audience samples had been too small for reliability. Nine in ten weekly audience members trust the content they receive from VOA; three in four for RFA. Around half of the weekly audience says that VOA and RFA have increased their understanding of current events. Three in ten weekly users say that VOA content increased their understanding of U.S. foreign policy and four in ten say that it increased their understanding of American society.


RFA-44.1M
VOA-40.7M

RADIO-13.9M

TV - 15.1M
INTERNET - 53.5M

# COUNTRY PROFILES 


23.4\%

ADULTS REACHED BY USAGM MEDIA

AN INCREASE OF


IN A SINGLE YEAR

VOA-9.7M
RFE/RL-9.6M

RADIO-5.8M
(
II INTERNET-5.3M

IRAN
A Gallup survey of Iran conducted July to October 2017 found that USAGM networks reach 23.4 percent of Iranian adults ( 14.3 million people) on a weekly basis across all languages and media platforms. This is an increase from the last survey, conducted in 2015, which found a 14.9 percent weekly audience. The majority of this weekly audience comes from television ( 11.0 million), versus 5.8 million for radio and 5.3 million for online content. USAGM finds its largest audience share among the critical 15 - to 24 -year-old audience segment.

Users, especially multi-platform users, trust USAGM networks. Solid majorities of RFE/RL Radio Farda and VOA users trust each network at least somewhat, over three-quarters for RFE/RL and over two-thirds for VOA. Multi-platform users are even more likely to say they trust the network (Radio Farda, over four in five; VOA, over three in four).

USAGM networks increase understanding on many fronts. Three-fifths of pastweek users of both networks say the content they consumed has increased their understanding of current events. Just over half of weekly users agree that VOA increased their understanding of U.S. foreign policy, while a little less than half say it has improved their understanding of American culture and society. Over two-thirds of past-week Radio Farda users say that the network has increased their understanding of current events in Iran.

## COUNTRY PROFILES



RUSSIA
In a survey of Russia conducted from April to June 2018, Gallup found that USAGM content was consumed by 7.7 million people each week, or 7.5 percent of the adult population, across all platforms. This is an increase from 5.6 million adults, or 4.9 percent, in 2016. The largest audience was online ( 5.3 million), followed by television ( 2.9 million) and then radio ( 1.8 million). Given its heavily online audience, it is not surprising that USAGM's audience in Russia skews younger than the general population, with 45 percent of its audience under 35 years of age.

About two-thirds of RFE/RL and Current Time weekly audience members said that they trust the content they received from those brands; for VOA, about half said they trust the content. Trust levels in independent Russian media and Western networks are significantly lower than state-run media in Russia.

Around four in ten audience members share content from the stations each week and about a third would recommend the stations to others. Seven in ten audience members said that Current Time and RFE/RL had increased their understanding of current events; six in ten said the same about VOA. Close to one half of weekly audience said that VOA had increased their understanding of U.S. foreign policy and American society.


## RFE/RL-6.8M

CURRENT TIME-3.9M
VOA-3.2M

표앙 RADIO-1.8M
TV-2.9M

INTERNET - 5.3M

## COUNTRY PROFILES



98 PERCENT OF WEEKLY AUDIENCE MEMBERS SAID THAT THEY TRUSTED THE NEWS THEY RECEIVED FROM VOA AND ALMOST ALL WEEKLY USERS SAID THAT VOA HAD INCREASED THEIR UNDERSTANDING OF CURRENT EVENTS

VOA WEEKLY AUDIENCE OF 7.5M (12.3\% OF ADULT POPULATION), UP FROM 5.2M (8.6\%) IN 2016

RADIO-6.9M
(0) TV-2.9M

INTERNET - 0.2M

## ETHIOPIA

According to research conducted by Kantar from March through May 2018, VOA's weekly audience in Ethiopia increased to 7.5 million people, or 12.3 percent of the adult population. This audience was primarily on radio ( 6.9 million), but also increasingly on television ( 2.9 million) with only a small portion coming via the Internet. The previous survey (from May 2016) found an audience of 8.6 percent, essentially all on radio. The survey also found high levels of impact with 98 percent of weekly audience members saying that they trusted the news they received from VOA and almost all weekly users saying that VOA had increased their understanding of current events. More than eight in ten weekly users said that VOA's news increased their understanding of American society and nine in ten weekly users reported that its news helped them form opinions on important topics. More than eight in ten VOA users share news from the network weekly.

| Percent of weekly audience who <br> consider information to be very <br> or somewhat credible | FY <br> 2017 <br> Actual | 2018 <br> Target | FY <br> 2018 <br> Actual |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| VOA | 83 | 82 | 84 |
| RFE/RL | 80 | 82 | 77 |
| RFA | 93 | 86 | 77 |
| MBN | 80 | 80 | 80 |
| OCB | 97 | 97 | 97 |


| Percent of weekly audience <br> who report that the broadcasts <br> have helped them form <br> opinions on important topics <br> somewhat or a great deal | FY <br> 2017 <br> Actual | FY <br> Target | 2018 <br> Actual |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| VOA | 62 | 67 | 63 |
| RFE/RL | 55 | 57 | 52 |
| RFA | 71 | 72 | 71 |
| MBN | 75 | 75 | 75 |
| OCB |  |  | 87 |

## PROGRAM CREDIBILITY

This indicator is determined by the survey question about trustworthiness of news and information of those sampled respondents who listened to or viewed each station at least once a week. The answers are registered on a four-point scale - Trust it a great deal, Trust it somewhat, Do not trust it very much, Do not trust it at all. The credibility index is a weighted average, by audience size, of the percent of those answering the question in the survey (excluding those who did not respond or did not know) who report trusting news from the station a great deal or somewhat. Credibility estimates are not included for countries where the number of regular listeners/viewers/online users is so small ( $\mathrm{n}=$ <50) that the estimate is unreliable.

## HELPS FORM OPINIONS

This indicator is determined by a question in representative surveys asking past week listeners/viewers/online users of [language] whether the broadcasts have helped them form opinions on important topics. The answers are registered on a four-point scale: a great deal, somewhat, very little, or not at all. This indicator is a weighted average, by audience size, of the percentage of those answering the question in the survey (excluding those who did not respond or did not know) who chose "a great deal" or "somewhat."

## MEASURES OFIMPACT

Over the course of FY 2018, the U.S. Agency for Global Media (USAGM) continued to implement its Impact Model, which measures the impact of its networks. The model is based on the practice of objective journalism and tracks the USAGM mission to inform, engage, and connect audiences in support of freedom and democracy. The model outlines the impact in three sectors: audiences, media and governments and includes quantitative and qualitative indicators that represent impact.

Indicators include weekly audience, trustworthiness, audience sharing of content, content co-creation with affiliates, increased understanding of current events, and high-profile news pickups among others. The model is flexible, given the range of media environments in which the USAGM networks operate and accounts for a range of platforms - from shortwave to digital.

## WEEKLY AUDIENCE

The Impact Model outlines a host of factors that determine success in target markets; one of the key indicators is measured weekly audience. The measured weekly audience captures the number of people consuming USAGM products - radio listeners, TV viewers, and online users - and is the number of adults (15+) who "listened, watched or saw online materials last week." It is the standard measure of audience reach for USAGM and other international broadcasters. This number is estimated by scientific survey using probability sampling to identify and project audience members in a given population.

Wherever possible, USAGM-commissioned surveys are national in scope, including rural and economically marginal populations that are typically excluded from commercial media studies but whose behavior is critical for understanding USAGM's audience and tracking performance.

Although USAGM has conducted surveys in more than 100 countries and territories, and is finding ways within tight budget environments to add key performance indicators to others' surveys, it cannot survey everywhere that an audience might possibly exist, and the estimate may therefore reflect an undercount.

Measured audience size and its expression as a percentage of the adults within a population, is not the same as "popularity" or "preferred source of news" - indicators sometimes cited by other polls. Weekly audience is also not the same as "footprint" or the number of people who have access to broadcasts. Measured audience size is in keeping with the standards of the Conference of International Broadcasting Audience Researchers, and is a key indicator of success for international broadcasters in a local market.

## QUALITY RESEARCH

USAGM's audience and market research is done in accordance with the highest professional standards via local market research firms around the world. The research was conducted through contracts with various research firms from FY 2014 to FY 2018. USAGM has also relied on industry experts such as AC Nielsen, comScore and others for market data, although only surveys using USAGM's standard questions and meeting its methodological and quality-control criteria are currently used to estimate its audience.

To achieve maximum objectivity, measurements are performed independently. Outside research providers under contract to USAGM carry out the representative audience research on VOA, OCB, RFE/RL, RFA, and MBN. Network-wide performance values are computed by the USAGM Office of Policy and Research and verified by each network's research director.

## INVESTMENT IN RESEARCH

Reliable and high quality research allows us to assess our effectiveness, and to tailor programming and delivery methods. Research funding obligated in FY 2018 was just under $\$ 4$ million, which was divided among quantitative and qualitative research ( $\$ 2.7$ million), digital analytics and related services (\$900,000), and research methodology (\$250,000). In FY 2018, USAGM had an increased emphasis on digital analytics and competitive landscaping, and also began laying the groundwork for future upgrades in methodology.

## HARD TO REACH LOCALES

USAGM is able to do legitimate survey research, at our standards of performance, in the overwhelming majority ( 95 percent) of USAGM target countries and regions. Only in 5 percent of the cases are were we not able to do the work in the five fiscal years ending in FY 2018 (China-XUAR, North Korea, Tibet, Oman, and Turkmenistan). In countries where information is tightly controlled and tuning in to foreign broadcasts is sometimes illegal or where populations are hard to access, audiences can be difficult to measure. Numbers for these hard-to-reach countries and regions (where we can only conduct non-representative surveys) are not included in our overall estimate.

OTHER METHODOLOGY TOPICS

Quantitative audience measurements are conducted through national (and to a small extent and sub-national or urban surveys), using face-to-face interviews when possible and phone interviews in a few restricted environments.

Random probability sampling is used where possible, and sample sizes range from 1,000-5,000 respondents. Probability sampling means that survey participants are chosen such that each unit of the population has a known probability of being surveyed. The use of random probability sampling allows a researcher to make extrapolations to the wider population.

Non-representative surveys are surveys that do not employ random probability sampling, and thus cannot be extrapolated to the population. These would include surveys of diaspora or refugee populations.

The information in this document was sourced from USAGM's Performance and Accountability Report, available here.
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The U.S. Agency for Global Media is an independent federal agency, supervising all U.S. government-supported, civilian international broadcasting, whose mission is to inform, engage, and connect people around the world in support of freedom and democracy. USACM networks have an audience of 345 million in more than 100 countries. USAGM networks include the Voice of America,
Radio Free Europe/Radio Liberty, the Middle East Broadcasting Networks (Alhurra TV and Radio Sawa), Radio Free Asia, and the Office of Cuba Broadcasting (Radio and TV Marti).

## WORLDWIDE OPERATIONS



Nearly


Operational transmitters for TV, FM, MW \& SW at 100 transmission sites in over 40 countries worldwide

## AFFILIATES



Number of USAGM affiliates with national reach that air custom or interactive segments during primetime


## over 3,000 <br> television, radio and digital affiliates across the globe

ANNUAL BUDGET
\$807.7 million
EMPLOYEES
3,785
LANGUAGES
58
AUDIENCE
345 million

Social Media EXPANSION
USAGM networks
engage with
audiences on:
Facebook $\mathbf{f}$
Twitter
YouTube Instagram © OK.ru
VKontakte WhatsApp WeChat ?

